Saturday, August 43. 1712.

T is not unknown to you all, that a light Distemper or Indisposition, has generally touch'd the whole Nation; and I believe sew Families, from even her Majesty's Houshold to the meanell Subjects, have been free from it, and that not only here, but in France, Holland, Flanders, and all this part of Europe.

I had not said any Thing more to it, than I did from my Highland Prophecy, if I had not found all the notices which have been taken of it, and the Thing itself also, turn'd into Ridicule and Banter, by the People of this Age; no less than by three dif-ferent Companies was I accosted in this manner in one day - Are you one of the Fools that make such an Out-cry, said the first to me, about this little Sickness the People bave bad among them? What, do you not know it is the Dog days, and faint Weather, and that we have always something they call the New Distemper at this Time of the Tear? And thus they went on, till they thought they had jested it quite

I had scarce been a quarter of an Hour gone from those, but I met with another — What, have you beard the Dog star bark, says he, and has it frighted you into Fits? Prishee DANIEL, What dost ail? What is the matter that you make such ado about a little Summer Sickness, and disorder the People with Melan-cholly Notions of the Plague? Tou are much in the wrong, and it may be of ill Consequence; I wonder the Government does not take notice of you for it!

In the Evening of the same Day, coming into some very grave Company, they were pleas'd to tell me, I had got the Hyppo; And what is the matter with you? Says one, Old enough to have had more Wit; you have dream't of nothing, I warrant you, but of Graves and Sepulchres this Fortnight ____ I warrant you, you have hought two or three Bottles of Plague Water to carry into the Country with you _____ I expect-ed you would not have come Abroad without a Sprig of RUE in your Mouth? And thus he went on, till at last, as all the Company knows, he grew offensively

This added to the Jess of an Eminent Physician, who faid publickly fome time fince, could but have the Plague bere, they should have fine

Sport: These Things, I say, extort one Paper or two more from me upon this Serious Subject.

I do confess, I think it a fitter Text for the Pulpit than the Coffee-House; for a Sermon than for the Review; and the little notice our Divines have taken of it, is not to me the best Token of that just Concern which I think we should all have about it; I wish those Gentlemen would consider, whether it be worth their notice or no.

I will not fay, nor do I remember, what some af-firm, viz. That we had a shock like this, before the last Dreadful Plague.

I will not undertake to fay positively in this Paper, as my Highland Prophet does in his, that the Plague shall certainly reach hither next Year; tho' I assuredly expect and believe it, and perhaps on good Grounds too.

But two Things I will recommend to you all to consider, and I think them both very remarkable.

1. That the Plague has now for eight Years past, taken a gradual Course, or kind of Circuit, through a great part of Europe, and every Year it has come a Step nearer and nearer to this Nation, and that if it takes but two Steps more in the same manner, it cannot but reach us effectu-

2. That before the great Plague, Anno . 542. when, in a manner, all the World was Ravaged by the greatest and most dreadful Pestilence that ever was known; there was the like Distemper, or Mortality, among the Cattle, as has of late Raged in Italy and Germany, and is now spreading into Milan and France.

As to the first Observation, viz. Of the gradual Approach of the Plague, you may look back to the Year 1704, thereabouts we may fay it begun: The Turkish Countries of Bulgaria and Walashia, felt its first Fury, tho' I think that very Year it reach'd as far this Way as Cassovia in the Upper Hungaria.

I could trace it back to Constantinople, and the Towns on the Black Sea, where, we are told it Raged before

that, but this is Remote.

In 1705, Upper Poland was dreadfully Vifted, the City of Crackon Desolated, and it Raged over the

Southern

Southern Poland, quite up to the Ukrain, and the Con-

fines of Muscovy and Tartaria.

In 1706, It came down the Viftula, Attack'd Warfaw, and the Lower Poland, in a Dreadful manner; they Buryed 16000 Pople in Warfaw only, and the

City was almost left empty of People.

In 1707, it came on this Way; Dantzick felt the Terrible Visitation, and that to such a degree, as I need not relate, being so fresh in our Memories; I have seen an Account of 51000 People, which, as they said, Perish'd in the City and District of Dantzick only.

The next Year, 1708, Dantzick not quite free; the Cities of Riga, Thorn. Elbing, Marienburgh, and Koningsburgh, were Visited, and from thence (Riga)

it pass'd over into Sweden.

Stockholm, and all that part of Sweden, suffer'd under it in a lamentable manner all the Year, 1709; and it spread itself in that same Year, and the next, into Eastergothia and Schonen, where it made like Desolution, Ann. 1710; this was a large Step this

way.

In 1711, It came on this fide the Sound, and seiz'd the City of Copenhagen and Isle of Seeland, where it Raged with such Fury, that 21500 People Perish'd in the Town, besides those that died at Essenore and other Parts of the Island; where many whole Villages were entirely Desolated and not any People lest alive; and the like on the Continent.

This present Year it has made a long stride, and has enter'd Holstein, spread itself to Gluckstat on the Elb, and with the Danish Army, is come over that River into the Dutchy of Bremen, above an Hundred

Mile nearer to us than it was before.

Let any Man tell me, if it makes two such Steps more, how can we be supposed to escape? But that which is more terrible yet to reflect on than all this, is, that whatever some may tell us of a like Distemper to ours now forerunning the former Plague, which we had here in 1665, this is certain, that in all the Places abovesaid, they were actually Visited with such a Distemper as this, the very Year before they had the Plague, only with this difference, that it was more Mortal to them than this, God be praised, has been with us,

The Learned Cavillers at this Paper, pretend this is an Unseasonable Discourse, tends to make the People Uneasie, and discourage Trade; I differ from them in the Thing's being Unseasonable, and think

just the contrary; and that as none but a stupid Gerration, that scot at every Judgment of Heaven, as value not their Maker till they seel his Hand, cann so blind, as not to see the visible Approaches of such Thing to us; so nothing, but a dreadful Indifferent in the Event, can make the Hints I have given, Useasonable. As to the Discouraging Trade, it is mean Pretence, and not Concern'd in the Thing the Ruin of our Trade is owing to visible Causes ob nother kind, and which I shall be more particular thereafter.

I shall make no Theological Inferences, from the Discourse of the Plague, I leave that V ork to you Ministers, whose Province it is, and from whom, question, you will better accept it ____ In me, y will call it Canting, and Preaching, and perha mock, rather than improve it to your own Adva tage; but that you may learn a little better how behave yourselves, when such a terrible Stroke shill reach you, I shall, in my next, give you a litt Sketch or Draft of the dreadful Havock the Is Plague made in this City; till then, I conclude wir only reminding you of one Thing, viz. How than ful we ought all to be, that this general Shock h been so light, that it has been scarce Mortal as where; that Death has only given every one of something like a jog on the Elbow, or a pull by t Instruction for which Occasion, you have in the Sacra Text, Isaiah 29. 9. When the Judgments of God a in the Earth, the Inhabitants of the World will least Rig breousness.

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